

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/086,059	02/27/2002	Jose Gutierrez-Rocca	540591-7095.1	1436
7590 07/14/2005			EXAMINER	
Karen j. Messick			WILLIAMS, LEONARD M	
kos pharmaceuticals 1001 brickell bay drive			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
25th floor miami, FL 33131			1617	
			DATE MAILED: 07/14/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/086,059	GUTIERREZ-ROCCA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Leonard M. Williams	1617			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a ref. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stated and the period for reply will, by stated and the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stated and the period for reply will. - See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS tute, cause the application to become ABANI	be timely filed 0) days will be considered timely. 6 from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. & 133).			
Status	•				
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18	3 April 2005.	· ·			
	his action is non-final.	•			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1.3.4.9-11 and 13-16 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1.3.4.9-11 and 13-16 is/are rejected 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ a	ccepted or b) objected to by	the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	he drawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ents have been received. ents have been received in Appl rionty documents have been rec eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ication No ceived in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	_				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		mary (PTO-413) ail Date			
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/C Paper No(s)/Mail Date		mal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Application/Control Number: 10/086,059

Art Unit: 1617.

Detailed Action

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 04/18/2005 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 4, 9-11, and 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Corbo et al. (US Patent No. 6551617).

Corbo et al. teach, in col. 2 line 40 to col. 3 line 25, a coating composition comprising polyvinyl acetate, dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate, neutral methacrylic acid,

Art Unit: 1617

and a medicament. The polyvinyl acetate used in the formulation can be a blend such as KOLLIDON SR (a polyvinyl acetate/polyvinylpyrrolidone blend; ~8:2) and is present in the composition in ranges from 3-97% by weight. Corbo et al. teach, in col. 4 lines 55-65, that the compositions can contain ethyl cellulose as an additive and is present in amounts from 10-30% by weight. Corbo et al. teach, in col. 5 lines 15-40, that the coated medicament can be in the form of powders, tablets, liquid preparations, lozenges, wafers, chewing gums and that the medicament present can include acetaminophen, aspirin, ibuprofen, rantidine, catopril etc.. anticipating the "...sustained/prolonged release pharmaceutical formulation...." of claim 1 and the "...formulation...wherein said water-soluble medicament is selected from..." of claims 4 and 10.

Corbo et al. teach, in col. 5 lines 37-56, that the coated medicament can be prepared by coating granules or crystals of a drug with the coating composition in a fluid bed chamber combining the coated granules or crystals with ingredients commonly used for making tablets, then compressing the mixture in tablet form anticipating the "...process for the preparation of the sustained/prolonged release pharmaceutical..." of claim 9 and the "...formulation...which comprises a modulated release pharmaceutical construct..." of claim 11, the "...process for preparing the sustained/prolonged release pharmaceutical formulation..." of claim 13, the "...process...wherein said tableting is conducted under direct pressure..." of claim 14, the "...process...wherein said polymer and drug are blended by means of wet granulation followed by dry blending..." of claim

Application/Control Number: 10/086,059

Art Unit: 1617

15, and the "...process....wherein all material are wetted prior to said blending and dried and milled after blending..." of claim 16.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Corbo et al. (US Patent No. 6551617).

Corbo et al. teach, in col. 4 lines 55-65, that the compositions can contain ethyl cellulose as an additive and that the ethyl cellulose is present in amounts from 10-30% by weight.

Corbo et al. does not teach the particular cellulose ethers of claim 3.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that the commercially available cellulose ethers presented in claim

Application/Control Number: 10/086,059

Art Unit: 1617

Page 5

3 could be used in the coating composition of Corbo et al. One would have been motivated to use any of the listed commercially available cellulose ethers as they are well known, have stable and defined, properties, and are commonly used in pharmaceutical formulations.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Leonard M Williams whose telephone number is 571-272-0685. The examiner can normally be reached on MF 9-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreeni Padmanabhan can be reached on 571-272-0629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

LMW

SREENI PADMANABHAN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER